## NARASIMHĀVATĀRA

Hiranyākṣa and Hiranyakaśipu were the two asuras born to Sage Kaśyapa and Diti. Hiranyākṣa was slain by the Lord in his manifestation as Varāha, boar. Hiranyakaśipu was very angry at the killing of his beloved brother. He vowed to avenge his brother's death and sever the head of his killer. He summoned his ministers and commanded them to destroy the righteous people and the places of sacrifices, so that Lord Nārāyana would not get any oblation. The demons began to carry out the commands of their chief. They harassed the righteous people and burnt down the places of sacrifices. Adharma became rampant everywhere. The dharmic people began to fear for their lives.

 $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  desired to have undisputed lordship of all the three worlds. He decided to practise severe penance in order to win the grace of Lord  $Brahm\bar{a}$ , and went to a valley of Mount Mandara for this purpose. Pleased with his austerities,  $Brahm\bar{a}$  appeared before  $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  and offered him a boon.

 $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  asked for a boon whereby he would not be killed by any being created by  $Brahm\bar{a}$  or any one else. He did not want his death to occur either inside or outside, either in the day or in the night. He added that no weapons should cause his death, either on earth or in space, and finally he sought undisputed lordship over all beings. The lord granted all his boons and blessed him. Convinced that he was the most exalted in the entire creation,  $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  went about fearlessly doing everything he wanted to do; people suffered under the tyranny of his rule.

One day when Hiranyaka sipu was performing his penance, the devas attacked the asuras. Indra captured Hiranyaka sipu's pregnant wife,  $Kay\bar{a}dh\bar{u}$  and carried her away in order to kill the asura child in her womb.



## Narasimhāvatāra contd...

Sage  $N\bar{a}rada$  revealed to Indra that the baby in the womb was a devotee of Lord  $N\bar{a}r\bar{a}yana$  and releasing her from Indra, took her to his  $\bar{a}\acute{s}rama$ .  $Kay\bar{a}dh\bar{u}$  served the sage with devotion.  $N\bar{a}rada$  used to narrate the glories of Lord  $N\bar{a}r\bar{a}yana$  to her and the child in the womb also used to listen to the teachings. When  $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  returned from his penance,  $N\bar{a}rada$  sent  $Kay\bar{a}dh\bar{u}$  back to her husband's place and soon after she gave birth to  $Prahl\bar{a}da$ .

 $Prahl\bar{a}da$  was born as a devotee of Lord  $N\bar{a}r\bar{a}yana$ . He exhibited all virtues in him unlike the people of his race. He remained absorbed in the thoughts of the Lord chanting his name or singing his glories.  $Hiranyaka\acute{s}ipu$  appointed  $\acute{S}anda$  and Amarka, the two sons of his  $Guru \acute{S}ukr\bar{a}c\bar{a}rya$  as teachers for  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  and asked them to teach him texts dealing with the pursuits of artha, money and power and  $k\bar{a}ma$ , pleasures of life.

One day, Hiranyakaśipu called the five year old  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  and asked him to summarise all that he had learnt.  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  replied that surrender to Lord  $N\bar{a}r\bar{a}yana$  was the only means for liberation from the sufferings of human life. Hiranyakaśipu was shocked to hear this. To prevent the influence of the devotees of Lord  $N\bar{a}r\bar{a}yana$ , he sent the boy to the teachers' residence where he was asked to live and study.

Prahlāda continued to talk words of wisdom and show his devotion for Lord Nārāyaṇa. Śaṇḍa and Amarka tried their best to make him learn things that would please the king. But they could not change Prahlāda's mind. Prahlāda returned home but much to Hiraṇyakaśipu's discontent continued to talk about the glories of the Lord.

Hiranyakaśipu developed hatred for Prahlāda and ordered his killing. His people used various methods to kill Prahlāda but they were unsuccessful. The weapons used against him became blunted. Wild elephants trampled on him without any impact. He was hurled down from the top of a peak, and he got up as if nothing had happened. Poisonous snakes could not bite him to death. Blazing fire could not burn even the hair on his body. He was buried alive under the earth, but he continued to live. Frustrated with the failure of all his efforts, Hiranyakaśipu sent him back to his teachers' place.

## Narasimhāvatāra contd...

Once when the teachers were away,  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  revealed to his co-students how he had listened to the glories of the Lord from Sage  $N\bar{a}rada$  while in his mother's womb. He, then, taught them everything he had learnt from the sage. The teachers came to know about  $Prahl\bar{a}da$ 's influence on the minds of other children. Annoyed, they informed  $Prahl\bar{a}da$ 's and sent him back home.

Hiranyakaśipu decided that he himself would put an end to Prahlāda's life. He sent for him. Prahlāda came and stood calmly before his father who was filled with rage. Hiranyakaśipu ruthlessly told him of his intention, but Prahlāda only felt sorry for him and asked him again to accept Lord Nārāyaṇa as the most powerful. He pointed out how his father's own wrong thinking was his worst enemy, not Lord Nārāyaṇa. His father's own wrong thinking was his worst enemy, not Lord Nārāyaṇa. Hiranyakaśipu retorted asking Prahlāda to show him the place of existence of Lord Nārāyaṇa. He wanted to know why the Lord was not visible in the facing pillar if he truly existed everywhere. He threatened to sever Prahlāda's head and challenged the Lord to protect him. So saying, Hiranyakaśipu went towards the pillar with a sword in his hand and hit the pillar with his fist.

At that moment, the pillar split with a thunderous noise and the Lord emerged in a terrifying form as Narasimha, lion-faced human being. Hiranyakasipu rushed towards the Lord. Narasimha pounced upon him and carried him to the threshold. It was the twilight hour. Keeping Hiranyakasipu on his lap, the Lord tore open his chest with his claws and roared. While the celestials rejoiced at the fall of the mighty demon, none dared to look at or approach Narasimha who was in full fury due to the offence caused by the demon towards his devotee.

Young  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  was asked to pacify the Lord.  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  approached him and offered his salutations. The Lord blessed him.  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  sang the glories of the Lord, his voice choking with emotions and his eyes shedding tears of joy. The Lord bestowed a long choking with emotions and his eyes shedding tears of joy. The Lord bestowed a long life to  $Prahl\bar{a}da$  lasting upto the end of the kalpa and offered him all pleasures of the world during his life-time.

## II. Complete the Boon

Fill in the correct words to describe the boon that King Hiranyakasipu asked of the Lord.

